Abstract

This study measured whether familism could be a predictor for elderly life satisfaction under the influence of family support and family conflict. Family support was divided into material and social support in the study. 108 elderly from community centers were recruited. Main effects of familism and family social support were found on life satisfaction in regression analysis. Life satisfaction was positively correlated to family social support, negatively correlated to family conflicts, only when elderly with high familism but not elderly with low familism.